



KANSALLISARKISTO

Digital Preservation as a Service

Principle

- Digital preservation might be difficult
- There is plenty of different aspects you should be aware and capable to handle
- Everyone doesn't have to do everything
- Focusing to responsibilities and information

DPAS – Digital Preservation As Service

- Service portfolio to support life-cycle management, preservation and access to information
- Administrative support and technical interfaces
- Based on of Public Administration Enterprise Architecture guidelines and Service Integration Layers
- National Archives provides ingest interface and requirements to use it.

The Big Change

- From systems to services
 - Transition in progress...
- We use Digital Preservation service
- We Provide Archival catalog service

Preservation layers

Semantic

- Designated community and their needs
- Content can be used in meaningful way
- Preservation value of the information, appraisal

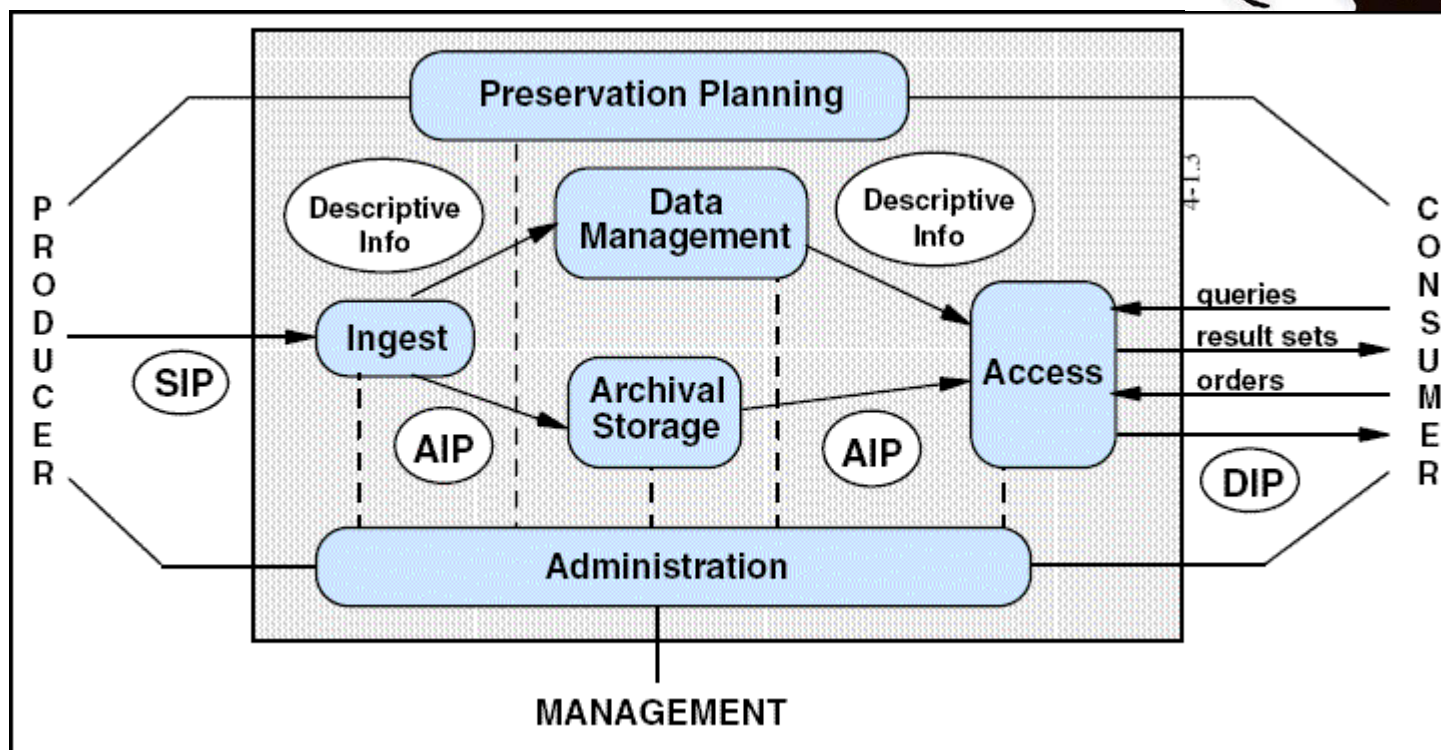
Logical

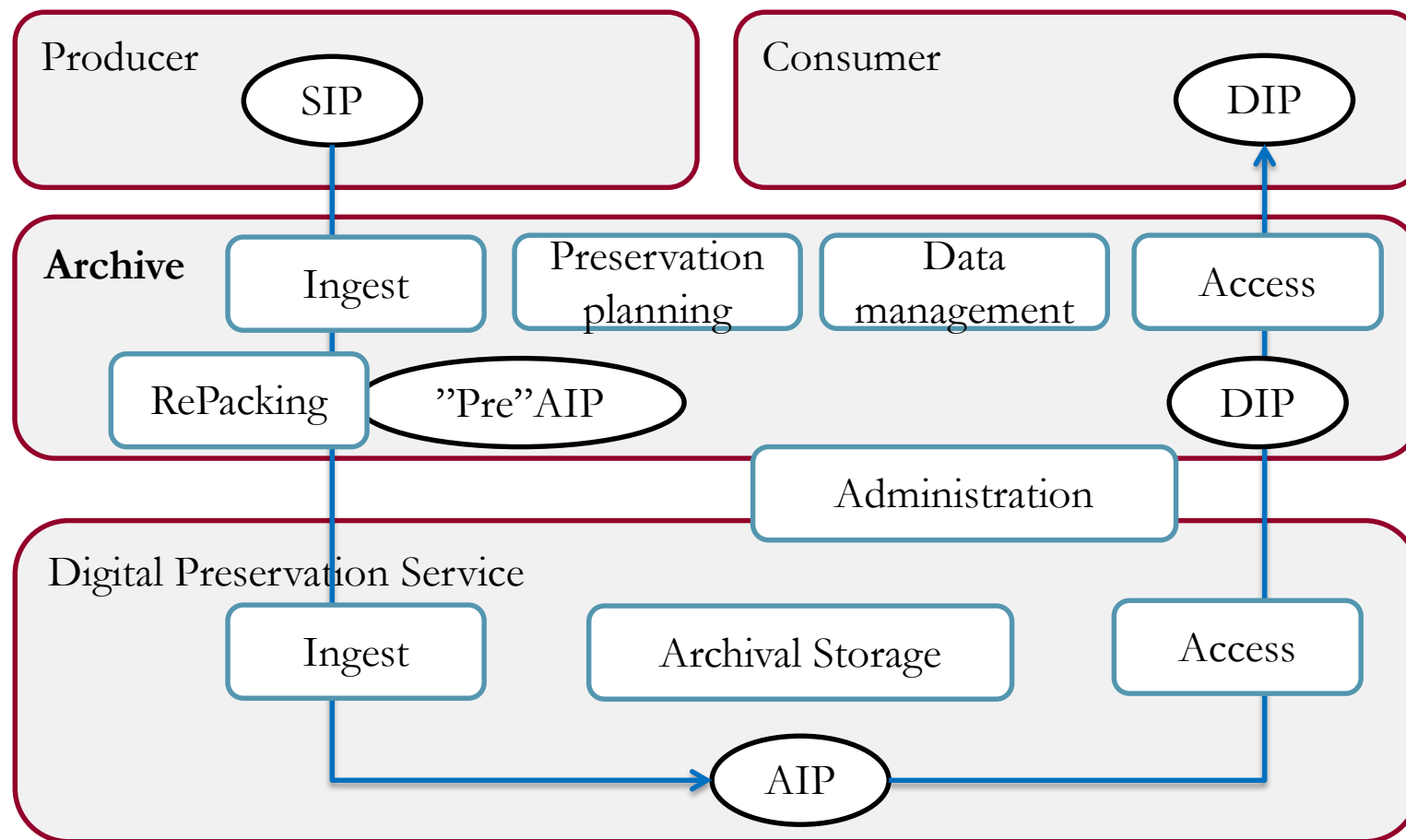
- Preservation activities management
- Administrative metadata for controlling the content
- Requirements for fileformats and metadata structures

Technical

- Securing integrity and accessibility
- Storage media management
- Preservation activities (preservation plan)
- Bit level presentation (technical integrity)

Something familiar?







National
Archives

National Library

National Board
of Antiques

Long-Term Preservation steering group

Ministry of Education
and culture

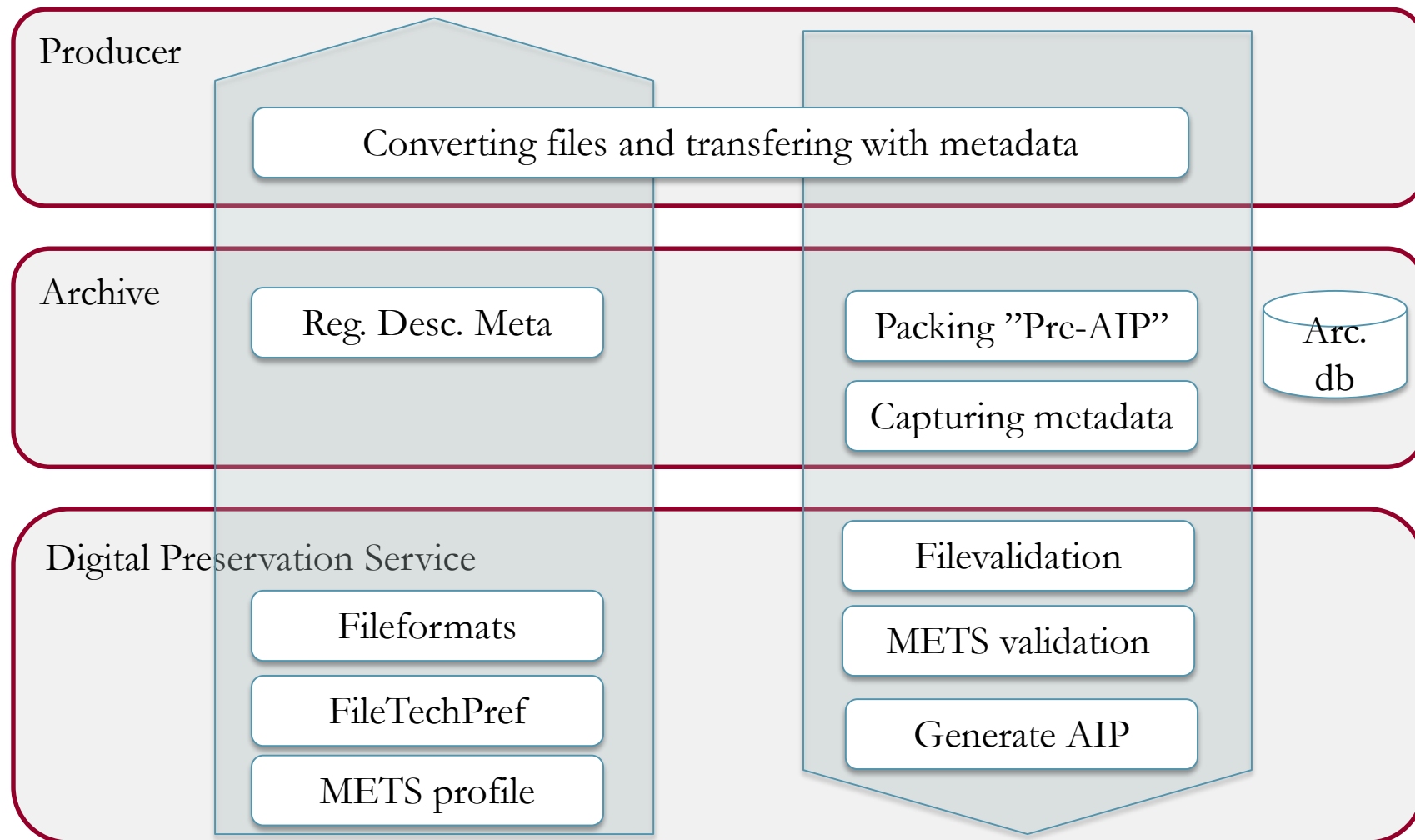
Long-term Preservation Service

CSC –
IT Center for Science

METS profiles
wrapping toolkit

Fileformats
Standard portfolio

Preservation activities
Validation tools



Preservation ”toolbox”

- Predefined set of *FileFormats* for digital preservation and related technical metadata
- METS wrapping-service for RM metadata
- REST interface to communicate with LDPS
- Validation tools (JHOVE, veraPDF)

METS DOCUMENT

METS HEADER

DESCRIPTIVE METADATA

*Descriptive metadata
standards
approved in the
standard portfolio*

ADMINISTRATIVE METADATA

Provenance information

Technical metadata

Access rights

Source data

Preservation plan

STRUCTURAL METADATA

Logical
perspective

Title page
Chapters
Sections
....

Physical
perspective

Pages
Columns
Page sections
....

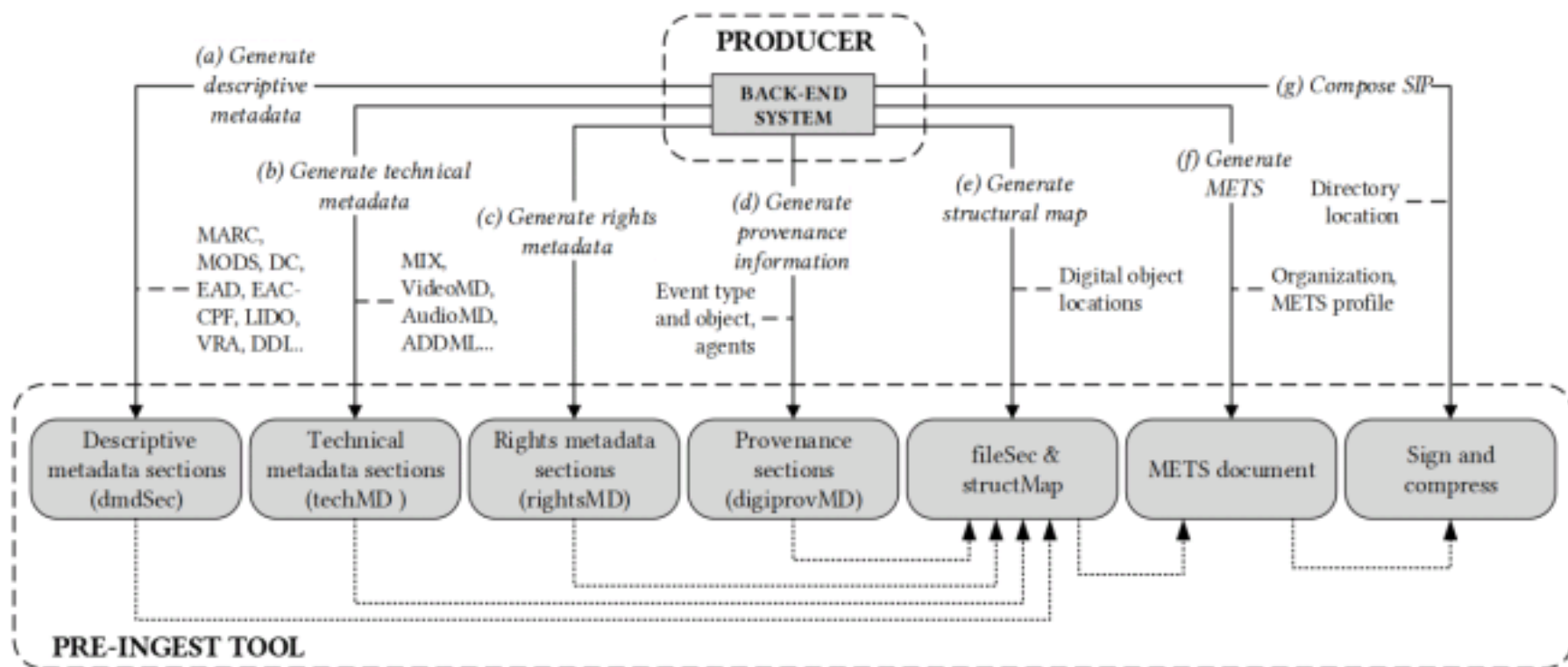
Linkage of objects
in different sections

FILE REFERENCES

Group 1
e.g., TIFF files
(originals)

Group 2
e.g., JPEG files
(thumbnails)

Group 3
...



Modular Pre-Ingest Tool for Diverse Needs of Producers
http://www.kdk.fi/images/tiedostot/ipres_2017.pdf

SAHKE.XML

EAD Mapping

mdWrap:sahke

mdWrap:EAD

PREMIS:object

PREMIS:rights

DigiProv/PREMIS:event

StructMap:

METS-HEADER

DESCRIPTIVE
METADATA

ADMINISTRATIVE
METADATA

STRUCTURAL
METADATA

FILE
REFERENCES

Administrative issues

- Mandate from the government to arrange the service
- Archives has right to decide what to preserve, common understanding how to preserve
- Ministry of Education streamline preservation activities in memory organizations.
- Expert networking and concentration to core activities

How it is built?

- OAIS compliant
 - Current focus to Ingest functions.
- open source (available from Gitbub)
- Functional design co-operation with memory organizations
- Software design and development by CSC

Findings...

- Archives role as a "coordinator"
- Focus to information management
- Agencies need better tools to
 - Prepare content and metadata
 - Validate files and formats
- Agreements about responsibilities
- Co-operation is not always so simple...

Link

- [Metadata Requirements and Preparing Content for Digital Preservation](#)
- [File Formats](#)
- [Digital Preservation Service Interfaces](#)
- [Schema catalog and schematron rules](#)
- [Enterprise Architecture for the National Digital Library v3.0](#) ([summary](#), [slides](#))
- [National Digital Library Standard Portfolio](#)



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